The Gettysburg Compiler
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BY H. J. STAHLE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-House, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler

JOB OFFICE.

We have made large additions to our office in type and material of all kinds, which enables us to do all kinds of printing at the lowest prices. We employ the best workmen, and guarantee our work to equal any done outside the cities.

LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS,
PRINTED ENVELOPES,
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
HORSE BILLS,
SLIP BILLS,
POSTERS,
CIRCULARS
LABELS,
RECEIPTS,
NOTES,
TAGS,
&c., &c.

A kinds of

PAPER BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
CATALOGUES,
CERTIFICATES,
BONDS
DEEDS,
&c.

Give us a call and try us, and you will be convinced that we do our work well, cheap, and with despatch. All orders, by mail, or otherwise, promptly attended to.

THE OLD FRANKLIN,
OR
McClellan House,
RE-OPENED.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has refitted the above named well known Hotel, situated on Centre Square, and about one hundred yards from the Railroad Depot, where he is prepared to receive and entertain the local and travelling public in a manner that will satisfy the most fastidious. His out-door arrangements are also complete, having a good stable, good hostler and a careful porter.

Moreover the Agents will always find at this Hotel a good and convenient room in which to exhibit their goods. This establishment is located in the centre of business and stands central.

Cold Spring Water will always be on hand, free of charge, for boarders.

The undersigned hopes by making a multiplicity of promises, but cordially invites all friends and travelers to call and judge for themselves. J. R. BONEBRAKE, Prop'r.

Gettysburg, April 8, 1874. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.
By J. & M. W. Klunk.

THE undersigned have leased the Keystone Hotel, on Chambersburg street, half a square from the Diamond, in Gettysburg, Pa., and intend to keep it in the best style, for the accommodation of the local and travelling public. They promise careful attention to all who may patronize them. The table will always have the best of the market, and the bar the best of liquors; the chambers will be found large, clean and inviting.

Large stabling, in care of an attentive ostler, attached to the Hotel.

Give the "Keystone" a call. Charges reasonable and accommodating.

J. & M. W. KLUNK.

Jan. 14, 1874. tf

SALE BILLS!

LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS,
PRINTED ENVELOPES,
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
HORSE BILLS,
SLIP BILLS,
POSTERS,
CIRCULARS
LABELS,
RECEIPTS,
NOTES,
TAGS,
&c., &c.

PAPER BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
CATALOGUES,
CERTIFICATES,
BONDS
DEEDS,
&c.

Great Western Hotel,
311 AND 313 MARKET STREET,
(few doors east of the New Public Buildings,)
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Rates—Two Dollars per day.
HENRY RAHTER.
April 22, 1874. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,
NEW OXFORD, Adams County, Pa.

THE undersigned, having purchased the well known Hotel property in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel," the pledge is thus offered to spare no effort to merit the patronage of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and comfortable, and his stables ample and out of all hearing of the guests' rooms. There is even no house within the town of the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will endeavor to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.

J. H. WIRT.

March 13, 1874. tf

GLOBE INN,
York Street, near Centre Square,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.

THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The travelling public will always find the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Persons responsible. Careful and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.

☞A new Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and GOOD HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.

April 3, 1874. tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
Baltimore Street, near Court-house,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
PERRY J. TATE,

HAVING leased this Hotel, so conveniently and widely known, and its entirely repaired and improved to date, offers to the public the best accommodations. His attending apartments are all large and airy; his table is supplied with the best of the market, and his bar with none but choice wines and liquors. He asks a share of local and travelling patronage, promising to render satisfaction to every guest. Charges moderate, to suit the times. Stabling attached.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg Street,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,

is continued by the undersigned. He has a large stock of Horses, Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, &c., to meet all calls, and asks the continued favor of the public. Orders may be left at the Eagle and Central Hotels or at the Livery Stables. Charges reasonable.

PERRY J. TATE.

June 16, 1874. tf

Reading Matter,

ADVERTISING MEDIUM,

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER is published weekly at the corner of Gettysburg, Pa., on a large folio sheet, and contains thirty-six columns of

It is neatly printed from new type, and is the only paper in the county.

It circulates in every post office in Adams county, and is read by the people of all parts of the county.

It is read by every other journal in the county.

It circulates among the intelligent, reading people.

It circulates among the business men of the county.

It is read by the people of Adams county, because it contains the news of the county.

It is read by the people of Adams county, because it is a good family paper.

It is read by the people of Adams county, because it is a good advertising medium.

It circulates among the best class of customers. Advertisers will consult their interests by looking to the columns of this medium through which to address the public, as the paper reaches a class of people.

MERCHANTS,
MANUFACTURERS,
DEALERS IN FARM IMPLEMENTS,
MACHINERY, FERTILIZERS, &C.

To reach a profitable class of customers. Advertisers will consult their interests by looking to the columns of this medium through which to address the public, as the paper reaches a class of people.

Repairing

attended to promptly and in the best manner.

Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.

JACOB TROXELL.

April 17, 1874. tf

Hall in New Oxford.

THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of BANQUETS, EXHIBITIONS, CONCERTS, PARTIES, &c. Its terms will be found reasonable. Apply to or address

J. H. WIRT,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1871. tf

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

S. R. TIPTON,
HARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

HAS removed his shop to the north-east corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he will be glad to have the calls of his old friends and the public generally. Everything done in the best style of the art, that all may be pleased.

April 2, 1869. tf

Western Lands.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS in which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

J. BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3 1874.

H. J. STAHLE,
PUBLISHER.
Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. | GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875. | NUMBER 21. FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE

Hanover Junction, Hanover and Gettysburg Railroad.

TIME TABLE.

ON and after Nov. 30th, trains on the H. J., H. and G. Railroad will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

FIRST—MAIL leaves Gettysburg at 8 00 A. M., Granite 8 16, Gulden's 8 26, New Oxford 8 36, Valley 8 40, Hanover 8 50, arrive at Hanover Junction 9 05, A. M., Baltimore 1 45, P. M., York 3 15, A. M., Harrisburg 4 00 P. M. Philadelphia 7 45 P. M., New York 10 45 P. M.

SECOND—Mail leaves Gettysburg at 1 10 P. M., Granite 1 26, Gulden's 1 36, Oxford 1 46, Valley 1 50, Hanover 2 00, arrive at Junction 2 15, York 5 15, Harrisburg 6 00, P. M. Philadelphia via Columbia 9 00 P. M., New York 5 00, A. M., Baltimore at 2 05, A. M.

NIGHT—Express leaves Gettysburg 2 00, P. M., Granite 2 16, Gulden's 2 26, Oxford 2 36, Valley 2 40, Hanover 2 50, arrive at Hanover Junction 3 05 P. M., Baltimore, 7 35, P. M., York 4 55, P. M., Harrisburg 6 10, P. M., Philadelphia 9 30, A. M., New York 12 00, A. M.

WESTWARD.

MIXED leaves Harrisburg at 4 30, A. M., York 7 15, A. M., Hanover Junction 8 05, Hanover 8 16, Oxford 8 26, Gulden's 8 36, Granite 8 48, arrive at Gettysburg 8 55, A. M.

EXPRESS leaves Harrisburg at 7 50, A. M., York 9 23, Baltimore 1 20, Hanover Junction 1 40 P. M., Hanover 1 47, Oxford 1 55, Gulden's 2 05, Granite 2 12, arrive at Gettysburg 2 25, P. M.

Trains leave Hanover for Frederick and intermediate points at 9 00 A. M., and 4 45 P. M.

Trains run by Philadelphia time.

H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.

Gettysburg, Dec. 3, 1874. tf

Northern Central Railway.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Nov. 30th, 1874, trains will pass Hanover Junction as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Mail	11 05 A. M.	daily ex.	Sunday.
First Line	3 14 P. M.	"	"
York Accom.	6 00 "	"	"
Pittsburg Exp.	8 50 "	"	"

SOUTHWARD.

East Line	5 55 A. M.	daily.	
York Accom.	7 40 "	ex.	Sunday.
Balt. Accom.	9 11 "	"	"
Mail	3 51 P. M.	"	"
Day Express	5 32 P. M.	"	"

ED. S. YOUNG,
Gen. Pass. Agent.

Jan. 1, 1875. tf

Western Maryland Railroad.

On and after THURSDAY, December 18, 1874, the Passenger Trains on this road will depart from and arrive at FULTON DEPOT, corner Paca and Lexington avenue, Baltimore, as follows:

WESTWARD.—MAIL EXPRESS leaves Calls will be waiting at the Company's office, corner of Gay and Lexington streets, starting thirty minutes previous to starting time from Fulton Depot, thus connecting with all outgoing trains, and speed and comfort will be the object sought for in this direction.

Ladies' Parlor at office starting point.

The Trains will start from Fulton Depot as follows:

THE MAIL TRAIN daily (except Sunday) for Hagerstown and Frederick, stopping at all stations, leaves 8 45 A. M., reaching Frederick 10 35 A. M.

EXPRESS daily except Sunday, leaves at 4 10 P. M., stopping at Pikesville, Owings' Mills, Reisterstown, Tyler, Westminster, New Windsor, Union Bridge, Frederick Junction, Mechanicstown and all stations west to Williamsport and Frederick; arrives at Fulton Depot eastward at 11 50 A. M., stopping at all stations.

MECHANICSTOWN ACCOMMODATION daily, except Sunday, stopping at all stations; leave 1 P. M.; returning, arrive 8 A. M.

Tickets can be purchased at the Company's office, corner of Eutaw and Fayette streets, or at Fulton Depot.

BAGGAGE.—On application at the Company's office, cor. of Eutaw and Fayette streets, Baggage will be called for and checked at hotels and private residences.

Stage connections are made with Mail Train of Glen Morris for Hampstead and Manchester; at Mechanicstown for Emmitsburg, and at Blue Ridge or Monterey Station for Waynesboro' and Gettysburg.

No trains on Sunday.

WM. M. JORDAN,
Freight and Passenger Agent.

JOHN T. RIDNEY, General Supt.

Feb. 11, 1874. tf

H. C. DERR, DENTIST,
HANOVER, PENN'A.

HAS been in active practice over sixteen years, eight years of this time having been spent in Hanover, where he is daily inserting artificial teeth which for health, durability and natural appearance cannot be surpassed. It is a well known fact that he is putting up better artificial teeth for less money than any other dentist in this part of the state.

Full upper or lower sets, not low as $10 in advance. Teeth will be warranted to give satisfaction or the money will be refunded. Special attention paid to the treatment of all diseases of the mouth and filling decayed teeth.

☞In order to convince the public that he intends to do exactly what he advertises, he hereby agrees to return the money to any one of his numerous patrons for whom he has inserted artificial teeth, for the same he may hereafter do any work for who can truthfully say that they did not in every manner use him as represented them; that is, satisfactory in every particular.

Dental Rooms on Abbottstown Street, Hanover, Pa.

Nov. 14, 1873. ly

J. L. SCHICK
HAS RECEIVED
THE LATEST STYLES
OF
Fall And Winter
DRY GOODS!
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF
Notions, Perfumery, &c.
ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT
THE LOWEST PRICES!
☞GIVE US A CALL.☜

Nov. 6, 1874. tf

NEW GOODS
And Great Inducements for Cash,
AT ARNOLD'S
Cheap Clothing and Furnishing Store.

GEORGE ARNOLD has just received from the city a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, of new and beautiful styles, among which are a large stock of OVER-COATS,

DRESS COATS, BUSINESS COATS, WITH PANTS AND VESTS TO MATCH. Also Pantaloons and Vests in great variety, with a large stock of BOYS' CLOTHING, Drawers and Shirts, Skirt Booms, Collars and Neckties of the latest fashion, HOSIERY, HATS, CAPS, AND GLOVES.

Hand Trunks and Carpet Bags, with almost every article connected with a Clothing Store, all which have been purchased AT REDUCED CASH PRICES, and will be sold at LOW FIGURES FOR THE SAME, and as cheap as they can be had at any other establishment.

TRY US, AND PROVE US. We will warrant everything we sell made of good material and well made, and no mistake.

Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1874. tf

NEW GOODS!
At Arendtsville, Adams County, Pa.

LARGE VARIETY
OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Queensware, Hardware, &c.,

and everything also usually kept in a first class Country Store, bought at the latest decline, and selling at the smallest profits. Bring the cash and be sullen better than ever. An invitation to examining goods and prices is extended to everybody. Come right along!

T. R. COVER.

Dec. 11, 1874. tf

Attorneys, Physicians, &c.

David Wills,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office in residence, south east corner of Diamond. GETTYSBURG, PA.
Jan. 19, 1855. tf

Edward S. Reily,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Jan. 23, 1873. tf GETTYSBURG, PA.

John M. Kranth,
ATTORNEY AT LAW Gettysburg, Pa., Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
July 16, 1869. tf

H. B. Woods,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—On Baltimore street west side near the Diamond.
Nov. 14, 1873. ly

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Gettysburg, Pa., Will promptly attend to collections and all other legal business entrusted to him. Home in house during the business hours at the Post-office, opposite the Court-house.
Aug. 25, 1871. tf

D. McConaughy,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Hamilton's Drug Store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to claims, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against Rebel states, at all times, promptly and diligently attended to.
Land Warrants located, and claims Patent in solid town and other Western states.
July 10, 1868. tf

J. C. Neely,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Office at his residence, in Carlisle street Gettysburg, April 22, 1870. tf

W. A. Duncan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him.
Office in his house corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 15, 1867. tf

Edward B. Buehler,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him.—He speaks the German language. Office at his father's office, in Centre Square, near Huber's drug store, and nearly opposite Bunner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 26.

Dr. J. L. Bachr,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to Calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged.
Aug. 1, 1868. tf

Dr. T. T. Tate
HAS resumed the Practice of Medicine in Gettysburg. Office at his residence, on Chambersburg street, recently occupied by Mrs. Dobbins.
March 8 1872 tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN ADAMS COUNTY,
Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.
April 12, 1866. tf

REMOVAL.

Dr. J. W. Smith
HAS removed his office from Abbottstown to NEW OXFORD, where he will continue the practice of medicine. Office opposite Lutheran church.
June 2, 1871. tf

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough
HAS resumed the practice of his profession in Hunterstown, Adams county, Pa., where he invites those desiring his services to call or address him.
March 25, 1871. tf

Dr. M. L. Bott,
GRADUATE of the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, will attend to all professional duties at all hours, in the office of his father, Dr. H. Bott, deceased, Gettysburg. ☞Speaks the German language.
May 30, 1871. tf

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal,
OFFICE with his father, BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa.,
April 11, 1871. tf

Dr. W. J. McClure,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR,
Having permanently located in New Oxford, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are respectfully invited to call and consult him at his office, in Hunterstreet.
May 29, 1867. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,
DENTIST,
Has his office and door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, opposite Dr. L. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D.
Gettysburg, April 11, '73.

REMINGTON.

THE REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the best COMBINATION of good qualities, namely: Lightrunning, smooth, noiseless, rapid, durable, with perfect Lock Stitch.

It is a Shuttle Machine, with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

REMINGTON No. 1 Machine for family use, *is the third year of its existence*, has sold with a more *rapid increase of ratio of sales than any machine on the market.*

REMINGTON No. 2 Machine for *manufacturing* and family use, ready for delivery since June, 1874, for range, perfection and variety of work, is without a rival in family or *manufacturing.*

GOOD AGENTS WANTED, SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Address
REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE CO., ILION, N. Y.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,
REMINGTON SEWING M. CO. } ILION, N. Y.
REMINGTON A. O. U. CO.

Branch Offices of Remington Companies.

281 & 283 Broadway, New York, Arms.
Madison Sq., New York, Sewing Machines.
Chicago, 207 State St., S. Machines and Arms.
Boston, 362 Washington St., Sewing Machines.
Cincinnati, 181 West 4th St., Sewing Machines.
Utica, 139 Genesee St., Sewing Machines.
Atlanta, Ga., Bedford's Opera House, Marietta St., Sewing Machines.
Washington, D. C., 521 Seventh St., S. Machines.
Dec. 25, 1871. $20

A NEW IDEA!

THE proprietor of "Good Intent Woolen Factory," in Huntington township, about two miles west of York Springs, respectfully calls the attention of the public to the large stock of

HOME-MADE GOODS,

which he always on hand for sale or in exchange for Wool or Country Produce generally.

Farmers wishing to trade their Woolen Goods can always do so, and, if desired, I will make Goods to order. The following stations have been established for the convenience of customers, where Work will be received:

Fahnestock Bros., Gettysburg; J. G. Gilbert, Hunterstown; Hoffman & Buckmiller, Bendersville; Butterbaugh & Son, Potter's Station, Cat. Railroad; E. Miller's store, Mountjoy; J. H. McMaster, Bonnaughtown; Wm. A. Mesherry and Edward Weaver, White Hall; McIlheny, New Chester. ☞Strict attention given to Carding and Manufacturing.

He also calls special attention to his

Home-Made Carpets,

which he manufactures and sells at the lowest cash prices. Carpets also made to order.

Thankful for past patronage, the undersigned respects a continuance, promising his best efforts to give entire satisfaction to all.

L. W. BEIKES.

May 6, 1874. tf

NOTICE, of the different descriptions—promissory, exemplifications, stay &c.—on good paper, bound and in sheets, always for sale cheap, at the GETTYSBURG COMPILER office

Miscellaneous.

THE SNOW-STORM.

BY RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

Announced by all the trumpets of the sky,
Arrives the snow; and, driving o'er the fields,
Seems nowhere to alight; the whited air
Hides hills and woods, the river, and the heaven,
And veils the farm-house at the garden's end.
The sled and traveller stopped, the courier's feet
Delayed, all friends shut in, the housemates sit
Around the radiant fireplace, enclosed
In a tumultuous privacy of storm.

Come see the north-wind's masonry.
Out of no unseen quarry, evermore
Furnished with tile, the fleeet artificer
Curves his white bastions with projected roof
Round every windward stake or tree or door;
Speeding, the myriad-handed, his wild work
So fanciful, so savage; naught cares he
For number or proportion. Mockingly,
On coop or kennel he hangs Parian wreaths;
A swan-like form invests the hidden thrane;
Fills up the farmer's lane from wall to wall,
Maugre the farmer's sighs; and at the gate
A tapering turret overtops the work.
And when his hours are numbered, and the world
Is all his own, retiring as he were not,
Leaves, when the sun appears, astonished Art
To mimic in slow structures, stone by stone,
Built in an age, the mad wind's night-work,
The frolic architecture of the snow.

EARLY HISTORY OF STATE AND COUNTY!

Grant to Penn—Colony Started—Formation of Counties—Early Settlers and Elections—Border and Indian Troubles.

PENN AND PENNSYLVANIA.

KING CHARLES II. of England, on the 4th of March, 1681, granted to WILLIAM PENN, son of Sir William Penn, a large tract of land in the New World, and named it "*Pennsylvania*," the consideration being a claim left against the government by the father for services as Admiral in the British navy. The extent of the province was described as three degrees of latitude in breadth and five degrees of longitude in length.

The proprietor immediately published "certain conditions and concessions" to "adventurers," or settlers; drew up a form of government and a code of laws, all bearing the stamp of his kind heart and well-balanced mind; and sent over his kinsman, William Markham, with three ships and a number of planters, to take possession of the country, and prepare for the reception of larger emigrations.

In 1682, on the 30th of August, William Penn himself took leave of family and friends, and sailed in the ship Welcome for the shores of America, arriving at New Castle, on the Delaware, after a long and tedious passage, on the 27th of October. The eager colonists—English, Dutch and Swedes—hastened to welcome him.

At an early day he convened the Assembly, at Upland, (now Chester,) and made known his plans and designs, all conceived in the spirit of benevolence, which characterized his connection with them ever after. Penn entered into treaties with the Indians for the purchase of lands, never taking a foot without their assent. In 1682 he laid out Philadelphia, on ground purchased from three Swedes. Two years after, his colony being well established, he returned to England, and remained there fifteen years. In 1699 he paid another visit to "Pennsylvania." Affairs had not been working smoothly, and he called another council in 1700. In 1701 he met the chiefs of the Five Nations, and made a treaty of peace, and of trade, with them. A threatened attempt by the British government to assume rule over the colonies, took Penn again to England in 1701, and he never returned. The expense attending the establishment of his province, together with many acts of private beneficence, so impaired his fortune that, in 1708, he borrowed $30,000 upon a mortgage of the province. He died at Rusheomb, in Buckinghamshire, England, on the 30th of July, 1718, aged about 74 years. The proprietary rights then vested in the sons of William Penn, John, Thomas and Richard, and so continued until the revolution.

FORMATION OF COUNTIES.

William Penn, during his first visit to the colony, established three counties, naming them Philadelphia, Bucks and Chester. In 1729 Lancaster was formed out of part of Chester; and in 1749 the people occupying the territory now included in York and Adams counties acquainted the governor and assembly with their desire for a county of their own, and it was granted on the 10th of August of that year. York was the first county organized west of the Susquehanna, and embraced the western part of Lancaster. The following was copy from Glossbrenner's History, published in 1834:

York county was, when first erected, bounded on the North and West by a line running from the river Susquehanna along the ridge of the South Mountain, until it intersected the Maryland line; it was bounded on the South by the Maryland line, and on the East by the Susquehanna. In the year 1750 Cumberland county was erected; and the boundary line between that and York county was declared to be the creek called the *Yellow Breeches*, from its mouth where it empties into the Susquehanna, up the several courses of it to the mouth of a run of water called *Dogwood run*, and thence one continued straight line to the ridge of the South Mountain, and thence along the ridge of the South Mountain until it intersects the Maryland line. Such continued to be the boundaries of York for about fifty years, when at last our county was destined to undergo a division.

The following townships were laid out and erected while York was a part of Lancaster county, that is before the year 1749.—Hellam, Chanceford, Fawn, Shrewsbury, Cœlorus, Manchester, Newberry, Dover, Warrington, Monaghan, Paradise, Manheim, Heidelberg, Huntingdon, Reading, Tyrone, Strabane, Menallen, Cumberland, Huntington's Run, Mount-Joy, Germany, Mountpleasant, and Berwick; a part of which townships are now within the limits of Adams county.

ADAMS COUNTY—1800.

An agitation for the division of York county was started as early as 1790. A lively controversy ensued between the eastern and western ends, characterized by public meetings, long debates, printed essays industriously circulated, and much personal discussion. Three commissioners, James Cunningham, Jonathan Hoge and James Johnston, were appointed to fix upon a site for a county seat; and "they selected a tract belonging to Garret Vanorsdel, in Strabane township, between the two roads leading from Hunter's and Gettys' towns to the brick house."

In 1791 the project of a new county was revived, and Rev. Alexander Dobbin and David Moore were selected as "trustees for the county of Adams" to take assurances for the payment of money, or the conveyance or transfer of property, in trust for the use of erecting public buildings in the town of Gettysburg. We quote again from Glossbrenner's History:

The controversy between the inhabitants of the western and those of the eastern parts of the county concerning a division, commenced early, and was continued with warmth. Many essays were written, meetings held and petitions presented. The disputes, however, were at last settled, on the 22d of January, 1800, when the western part of York was erected into a new county, thenceforth called Adams. That tract of land which was taken from the county of York, to be erected into a new county, is contained within the following lines, as made at the time, viz: "Beginning in the line of *Cumberland* county where the road from *Carlisle to Baltimore* leads through *Trout's Gap*; thence along the said road to *Blair's*; thence a straight line to *Conewago* creek opposite to the mouth of *Abbot's run*; thence along the line of *Berwick* and *Paradise* townships, until it strikes the line of *Manheim* township; thence along the line of *Manheim* and *Berwick* westwardly, until it strikes the road leading from *Oxford to Hanoverstown*; and from thence a due south course until it strikes the *Maryland* line; thence along the *Maryland* line to the line of *Franklin* county; thence along the line of *Franklin* and *Cumberland* counties to the place of beginning." The governor on the 20 of October, 1800, appointed three commissioners to run and mark the dividing line between the two counties. The commissioners were Jacob Spangler, deputy surveyor of York county, Samuel Sloan, deputy surveyor of Adams county, and Mr. William Waugh.

Sherman Day, in his "Historical Recollections," published in 1843, says:

A strong motive for the division was doubtless the antipathy and jealousy existing between the Irish and the Germans of York county. They spoke different languages, and had different social habits, and were of opposite politics. The Germans were Democrats. The people of Adams were Federalists, strongly attached to the administration of John Adams, and they therefore contended his name upon their new county. Party feeling was then at its height between the old Federalists and Democrats. During the McKean administration, a law was passed ordering the State troops to wear the blue and red cockade; but the federalists, who held to the old black cockade, refused to mount the other. Quite an excitement ensued; the obstinate were court-martialled, and in some instances their horses and other property was seized to pay fines and costs of prosecution.

In 1682, on the 30th of August, William Penn himself took leave of family and friends, and sailed in the ship Welcome for the shores of America, arriving at New Castle, on the Delaware, after a long and tedious passage, on the 27th of October. The eager colonists—English, Dutch and Swedes—hastened to welcome him.

At an early day he convened the Assembly, at Upland, (now Chester,) and made known his plans and designs, all conceived in the spirit of benevolence, which characterized his connection with them ever after. Penn entered into treaties with the Indians for the purchase of lands, never taking a foot without their assent. In 1682 he laid out Philadelphia, on ground purchased from three Swedes. Two years after, his colony being well established, he returned to England, and remained there fifteen years. In 1699 he paid another visit to "Pennsylvania." Affairs had not been working smoothly, and he called another council in 1700. In 1701 he met the chiefs of the Five Nations, and made a treaty of peace, and of trade, with them. A threatened attempt by the British government to assume rule over the colonies, took Penn again to England in 1701, and he never returned. The expense attending the establishment of his province, together with many acts of private beneficence, so impaired his fortune that, in 1708, he borrowed $30,000 upon a mortgage of the province. He died at Rusheomb, in Buckinghamshire, England, on the 30th of July, 1718, aged about 74 years. The proprietary rights then vested in the sons of William Penn, John, Thomas and Richard, and so continued until the revolution.

FORMATION OF COUNTIES.

William Penn, during his first visit to the colony, established three counties, naming them Philadelphia, Bucks and Chester. In 1729 Lancaster was formed out of part of Chester; and in 1749 the people occupying the territory now included in York and Adams counties acquainted the governor and assembly with their desire for a county of their own, and it was granted on the 10th of August of that year. York was the first county organized west of the Susquehanna, and embraced the western part of Lancaster. The following was copy from Glossbrenner's History, published in 1834:

York county was, when first erected, bounded on the North and West by a line running from the river Susquehanna along the ridge of the South Mountain, until it intersected the Maryland line; it was bounded on the South by the Maryland line, and on the East by the Susquehanna. In the year 1750 Cumberland county was erected; and the boundary line between that and York county was declared to be the creek called the *Yellow Breeches*, from its mouth where it empties into the Susquehanna, up the several courses of it to the mouth of a run of water called *Dogwood run*, and thence one continued straight line to the ridge of the South Mountain, and thence along the ridge of the South Mountain until it intersects the Maryland line. Such continued to be the boundaries of York for about fifty years, when at last our county was destined to undergo a division.

The following townships were laid out and erected while York was a part of Lancaster county, that is before the year 1749.—Hellam, Chanceford, Fawn, Shrewsbury, Cœlorus, Manchester, Newberry, Dover, Warrington, Monaghan, Paradise, Manheim, Heidelberg, Huntingdon, Reading, Tyrone, Strabane, Menallen, Cumberland, Huntington's Run, Mount-Joy, Germany, Mountpleasant, and Berwick; a part of which townships are now within the limits of Adams county.

ADAMS COUNTY—1800.

An agitation for the division of York county was started as early as 1790. A lively controversy ensued between the eastern and western ends, characterized by public meetings, long debates, printed essays industriously circulated, and much personal discussion. Three commissioners, James Cunningham, Jonathan Hoge and James Johnston, were appointed to fix upon a site for a county seat; and "they selected a tract belonging to Garret Vanorsdel, in Strabane township, between the two roads leading from Hunter's and Gettys' towns to the brick house."

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At the time of the formation of Adams county the following Townships composed it: Berwick, Cumberland, Franklin, Germany, Hamiltonban, Huntington, Menallen, Mountpleasant, Mountjoy, Reading, Straban and Tyrone.

The township of Conawago was created in 1801; Liberty, 1801; Gettysburg borough, 1806; Latimore, 1808; Hamilton, 1810; Berwick borough, 1835; Freedom, 1838; Union, 1841; Oxford, 1847; Butler, 1849; Highland, 1863; Littlestown borough, 1864; York Springs borough, 1868; New Oxford borough, 1871.

The first court of General Quarter Sessions held in Adams county commenced on the second Monday in June, 1800, "before William Gilliland, John Agnew, William Scott, Esquires, Associate Judges, &c." Sheriff Gelwicks made return of the following panel of Grand Jurors, viz:—Alexander Russel, Walter Smith, John Dickson, James Brice, George Lashells, David Scott, Thomas Abbot, Peter Ickes, Robert Doyle, Jacob Wertz, Alexander Colwan, Henry Kuhn, Wm. Bailey, Samuel Russel, Henry Walter, Nicholas Dietrick, Robert Cambell, Jacob Greenawper, Alexander Irvine, John Lees, and Wm Miller.

The constables who made returns at that Court were: Jacob Nod, Berwick; Joseph Lindsay, Mountpleasant; Samuel Adair, Mountjoy; Emmuel Ziegler, Cumberland; Jacob Trine, Heidlersburg; Henry Ferguson, Hamiltonban; Valentine Hollinger, Reading; Samuel M. Reed, Straban; Charles Good, Franklin; John Wierman, Huntington; Daniel Rice, Menallen; Nicholas Wertz, Tyrone; Martin Hoffman, Germany.

"Petitions from sundry persons were presented and read praying the court to recommend them to the Governor, for tavern license," as follows: John Elder, William Sturgeon, John Hersh, Andrew Polly, James Scott, James Getty, David Sheets, James Cox, John Green, Peter Ickes, George Reinecker, Baltzer Lehr, John Henry, Daniel Mark, Martin Markly, David Erb, George Fahnestock, Peter Binder, James Brice, Jacob Sailor, John Myers, Philip Gelwicks, Daniel Hecks, Francis Shober, William Ried, Thomas Dick, Ralph Lashells, Jacob Wirth, William Jetts, John Schlosser, Valentine Feads, John Greer, Alexander Thompson, Samuel Russel, Sr., Samuel Russel, Jr., William Boyd, John Arend, Jacob Wintrode, Frederick Keefer, Thomas Bitzles, Joseph Stehley, Zachariah Landibaugh, and Peter Moritz.

FIRST SETTLERS.

The first settlers of this county were principally Scotch-Irish, who settled in the southwest part of the county, on and along Marsh creek; some English descendants who settled on the borders of Maryland, in and about Digges' Choice, with some Germans, Low Dutch, and emigrants from the lower counties.

Among the first settlers on Marsh creek, about 1738-40, were William McLean, Joseph Farris, Hugh McClain, Matthew Black, James McMichell, Robt. McPherson

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, FEB 5, 1875

THE pretence that General Sherman either had any hand in Sheridan's slaughters and outrages or approved them, is exploded

VICE PRESIDENT WILSON does not approve of the Administration policy in regard to Louisiana and he may lead another bolt against Grant

REPUBLICAN papers denounce the election of six Confederates to Congress from the Southern States. Did not Grant appoint Longstreet (Lee's right bower, at least in the battle of Gettysburg) to an important and lucrative office at New Orleans?

ANDREW JOHNSON'S presence at Washington as Senator will be most disagreeable to the Radical leaders because they both hate and fear him. Though not a reliable man in his politics, he may be depended upon so far as hostility to Grant and the Administration is concerned

INCREASED TAXES—The Secretary of the Treasury wants a duty of at least ten per cent on nearly every article in the free list. At a meeting of the committee of Ways and Means, on Monday, all the Democratic and two of the Republican members expressed opposition to additional taxation.

AT a meeting of the Pennsylvania State Editorial Association, last week, in Harrisburg, the following officers were elected:—President, Hon B. F. Meyers, Vice Presidents, General Cooper, W. A. Rupert, H. J. Stahle, Recording Secretary and Treasurer, R. S. Monahan, Corresponding Secretary, A. Smith

AT a secret gathering of politicians at Don Cameron's, at Harrisburg, a few evenings since, a Republican member of the legislature remarked that if Congress sustained the military interference in Louisiana and Pinchback was admitted to the Senate, the State of Pennsylvania would go Democratic next fall by more than 50,000 majority

A RADICAL tax collector in New Orleans, a leading friend of Pinchback, killed the Assistant Secretary of State, on the 24th with a huge knife. The latter had attempted to shoot the former but his pistol missed fire. Both were leading Republican politicians and light colored mulattoes. Another army ought now be sent to Louisiana

[illegible] who was sent by Governor Chamberlain to investigate the recent troubles in Edgefield, S. C., has made a report in which he lays the blame chiefly upon the grossly abusive in the county government. He declares that officers of the colored militia have used their offices for personal ends and recommends the immediate disbandment and disarming of the militia

CONTEST DECIDED!—The Wisconsin Legislature, on Wednesday, elected Hon Angus Cameron to the United States Senate, over Matt Carpenter, the present incumbent. Cameron had 68 votes and Carpenter 59. Cameron is a Liberal Republican and was elected by the Democrats and bolting Republicans pledged to a platform of hard money, a tariff for revenue and civil over military rule. This exhibits another break in the Radical ranks

As the Lancaster *Intelligencer* says, the responsibility of the disgraceful scene in the House at Harrisburg on Monday night must rest with the Republican members who resisted by physical force the execution of the orders of the properly constituted officers of the House. The course of Mr Wolfe in making himself the subject of the demonstration should be visited not only by the severest public condemnation but by the strictest discipline of the House.

THE long struggle in the House at Washington, over the resolution to prevent dilatory motions, was brought to a close on Tuesday, by its adoption on a strict party vote, with the exception that Ben. Butler voted with the Democrats against it on the final test. The Civil Rights bill will now be passed, with probably the Chorpenning claim and other jobs of like character. For all the duality perpetrated under this new rule the Radicals must be held responsible, and should it work against their party interests in the next Congress they will have then good for unnecessary and arbitrary power it the present done to blame

A COMPULSORY School Law has been introduced in the Legislature of this State. It provides that all children between eight and sixteen years of age shall attend school at least sixteen weeks in the year, or be regularly instructed at home for the same period that no child under the age of sixteen years shall be employed during the hours of school days in the district unless the child has been instructed for sixteen weeks during the year, and that any child so employed shall deliver to employers a certificate given by the school authorities certifying to the fact of such attendance. Penalties are imposed for violations of the act.

THIS is a very important bill, and should be thoroughly discussed before action is taken upon it.

TILTON'S TESTIMONY AND ITS RECEPTION.—The Brooklyn *Eagle* of Monday afternoon gives the following description of Mr Theodore Tilton's first appearance upon the witness stand and the manner in which his testimony was received

Mr Tilton spoke in measured moderate, distinct and unbroken words. His manner was very grave, and was devoid of gesture. A Tilltonitism of inflection and a toss back of the head characteristic of his public addresses would now and then be noticed. The audience listened intently. Mr Beecher looked Mr Tilton square in the face with such a great deal of wonderment as it is difficult to express. Mrs Beecher looked at him thoroughly, sneeringly, and at the point where Mr Tilton said that Mr Beecher did not have satisfactorily with Mrs Beecher fairly laughed. Mrs Tilton looked at her husband from the first to the end of his story. Her eyes were on fire with anger, and her face was set in a stormness which was noticeable for the first time in the trial. Mrs Stowe and Mrs. Phelps Stokes then looked as they had been caught in a scrape, and must listen to the most primitive expressions, whether they wanted to or not.

—The *Ledger's* New York correspondent says "As for Mr Beecher, his most intimate friends, while hoping for acquittal, do not conceal their regret that his usual buoyancy of spirits is growing less conspicuous every day under the terrible mental pressure to which his trial is subjecting him, and the apprehension is, when the end is reached that he will break down. He is a man of strong vigorous frame, and of habitual good health, but the strain that is now upon him would try a man of adamant."

EXTRAORDINARY SCENE IN THE LEGISLATURE.

A dispatch to the *World* describes an exciting scene in the House at Harrisburg on Monday night.

Mr Talley, Democrat, of Delaware county, made a motion to refer the petition of citizens of Lancaster City contesting the seat of D. P. Rosenmuller, a Republican, as member of the Legislature, to the committee on elections. The Republicans raised the point of order that the petition was not properly before the House, that books not having been legally organized when the petition was originally introduced. Speaker Patterson decided against the Republicans when an appeal was taken and his decision was sustained by a large majority. While Republicans of Union county, then raised the identical point of order that it required two thirds of those present to take up the petition under the suspension of the rules. The Speaker rendered an adverse decision and entertained a motion to adjourn when Wolfe sprang to his feet, and insisted that he had a right to be heard on his point.

The Speaker declared him out of order, as no appeal had been taken from his decision, and a motion to adjourn was not debatable. Mr Wolfe insisted that he was not out of order, when the Speaker commanded him to take his seat, and Wolfe refusing to obey, he called into requisition the services of the sergeant at arms who proceeded to execute the order of the Chair. The Republicans hissed the proceeding and the Democrats applauded it. Wolfe continued yelling at the top of his voice until the sergeant at arms seized him. The hall of the House presented a scene of indescribable confusion, and the Republican members rushed to the defense of their colleague and wrested him from the hands of the sergeant-at-arms. In the midst of the commotion the Speaker adjourned the House. During the melee pistols were drawn, and for a time it was feared that a general riot would ensue.

Our own correspondent writes that if there were pistols shown he did not see any

Tuesday morning, when the matter came before the House, Mr Wolfe (who delights to hear himself and is always talking) arose to his feet to speak. The Speaker informed him that he could not do so, being under arrest, without the consent of the House. This consent was given, and Wolfe proceeded to justify himself, evincing much bitterness and making no apology. A dispute arising between Mr Lusk and Wolfe, the reporter's version of the session was read, and it fully sustained Mr. Lusk's position against the misrepresentations of Wolfe. The discussion, on a resolution to censure Wolfe for violating the rules of the House, was continued to the hour of adjournment. The Radical leaders are entirely responsible for this disgraceful scene, as it grew out of their mortification that they cannot carry things in the high handed manner they have been used to for a dozen years. The Democrats gave them plainly to understand that without any concessions would be made in the interest of peace and harmony there was a point where their forbearance and manhood would decline and that they take their stand squarely and immovably.

—On Wednesday the resolution of censure was passed by 95 yeas to 8 nays

LEGISLATIVE

On Tuesday both Houses adopted a resolution requiring the flag to be raised on the Capitol building during the hours of session and taken down at the close

Both Houses also passed a resolution to adjourn on Thursday, March 18, 1875, to meet in adjourned annual session on the first Tuesday of January 1876 and that no bill shall be read in place after the 4th of March next in either House.

In the Senate Mr Rutan introduced a bill bank bill of last session

In the House, Mr Piper Democrat introduced a resolution for the appointment of a committee to ascertain what salaries are paid to officials under the State government, and report to the House

Mr. Wolfe, Republican, objected, but it passed by a handsome majority.

Mr Stoltzer read in place a bill to revise the tax laws of the State, Mr Miner one exempting $400 from levy and sale on execution, Mr. Stoltzer one repealing the act for the selection of juries, approved April 10, 1867

The Senate passed an act supplementary to the act punishing the crime of kidnapping children.

On Monday, both Houses passed resolution for a committee to visit the fish ways and hatching houses at Columbia and Doneg al Springs, *provided that it be done without expense to the State.* Mr Chalfant offered it in the Senate and Col. Talley in the House—both Democrats

In the House Mr Austine offered a bill for an additional law judge in York county

ALL SORTS FROM ALL QUARTERS

—Governor Allen, of Ohio, it is said, favors Senator Thurman as the next Democratic candidate for President

Hon George Sanderson has been nominated for Mayor by the Democrats of Lancaster city.

—The Emperor of China died on the 17th ult. It is not yet certain who will succeed to the throne

The shoe business of Baltimore amounted last year to over seventeen millions of dollars

Peter Lee, of Newport R. I. has gone in search of Charlie Ross, being directed by a dream

The fourth Duchess of Oneida, a cow, for which $25,000 was paid last year, died recently on the farm of its owner near Paris, Ky

—The New York *World* says: It is reported that irregularities involving $1,000,000 have been detected in the Custom House in this city

—At Indianapolis recently, the family of a dying man quarreled so fiercely about a will he was about to sign, that the police had to interfere to restore order

—The cedar shingles on a church in Berks county are 111 years old and are to be in fair good yet

—A violin was recently sold in London for $25,000. The instrument was made by Stradelus

—The Rebellion still progresses very slowly, and the Legislature has been obliged to extend the term of the Court in order that it will not be stopped midway and have to be all gone over again.

—The will of Gerrit Smith, the life long abolitionist, made no bequest for the colored people. G. B. Lamar, of Savannah, Ga left $100,000 to be distributed among the aged and needy colored people of Atlanta and Savannah, more especially to his former slaves

—Paddock the recently elected Republican United States Senator from Nebraska, is a hotel keeper.

A movement is on foot among political chiefs, looking to the nomination of Hon B. H. Bristow, Secretary of the Treasury, for President.

—The hottest rainfall time on record is said to have been made not long since on the New York Central Railroad by a special train, which carried a party of officials from Rochester to Syracuse, 81 miles in 61 minutes.

—The horrible story about a boy in Missouri being fastened by his schoolmates to a railroad track, where he was run over by a train, is untrue.

Local Matters.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

SALES—The following Sales are now advertised in THE COMPILER, or soon will be. To all who order the sales into one column this notice is given free of extra charge and the large circulation of the paper considered, the item alone is worth double to the advertiser. The handsome bills printed at this office, and widely posted in the county, are hardly full measure a good sale.

Wednesday March 10—John Deardorff, of B Franklin township

Saturday March 13—Jacob H Butt, Cumberland township

Tuesday Feb 23—Jac b B Miller, Huntington township

Saturday March 6—William Shepard, Franklin township

Tuesday, March 9—William Bucher, Franklin township

Wednesday, March 10 Reuben Shover, Liberty township

Wednesday March —H my Waldeisen, Franklin township

Thursday, March 18—John Lichelle, Cumberland township

Thursday March 11—Daniel Weiler, Butler township

Monday March 15—Samuel Gerling Mount Joy township

Tuesday, March 16—Mrs Catharine Miller, Straban township

Wednesday March 24—Martin Mikenbaugh, Franklin township

Wednesday, March 24—John Mikenbaugh, Franklin township

Tuesday February 2 Z Hibbard Moore, Menallen township

Wednesday, February 17—Catharine and C M Young Mount Joy township

Friday February 26 David B Peale, Assignee of Jacob Hartman

Thursday February 18—Michael Stambaugh, Adamstown, Cleaner L. Stambaugh, deceased, Latimore township

Tuesday, March 2—Barnhart Creeder, Huntington township

Thursday March 11—Isaac M Butcher, Franklin township

Thursday, March 18—Jesse Shreeks, Cumberland township

Monday March 8—Abraham Lindsell, Mountpleasant township

Wednesday March 10—Solomon Miller, Mountpleasant township

Tuesday March —Samuel H Taughinbaugh, Reading township

Wednesday, March 10—Jacob H Zapp, Adams Straban township

Saturday February 20—H H Beamer, Gettysburg

Thursday, March 25—Mrs Leah Leverstine, Mountpleasant township

Tuesday March 16—George L Kime, Menallen township

Monday March 15—Jesse Wesley Gardner, Cumberland township

Tuesday, March 16—Wesley Winterode, Cumberland township

Wednesday March —Michael Deardorff, Sr., Butler township

COURT—At the time our report of last week's Court closed the case of the Commonwealth vs Jacob McDiarmid was on trial. The jury brought in a sealed verdict on Friday morning, finding the defendant guilty on the first count (exposing his name in Will Loughby's run over night so that she died next morning) and not guilty on the rest. The Court sentenced him to twenty four hours in the county jail to pay $15 fine, and the costs of prosecution

The criminal business was all disposed of together with a large amount of current work.

The applications for tavern license were all granted but Jacob Stock's. He seemed to raise little about it and failing to appear to a remonstrance filed, the application fell.

COMMON PLEAS—Court opened on Monday morning, President Judge McLean and Associate Kuhn on the bench and proceeded to try civil cases, as follows

Charles Ziegler vs Gettysburg Lytha Springs Association and G D Smith contractor—Suit for claim on Mechanic's lien for $16 for carpenter work done by plaintiff on the Springs Hotel. The Hotel Company refused to pay, alleging that the contract was made by G D Smith without authority from the Company, and they were not liable. Verdict for plaintiff for $7 20 and costs

Enoch Rentzhiser vs John B Hoffman—Summons in ejectment for a lot of ground in Bendersville, purchased by defendant at public sale of plaintiff. Subsequent to the sale a dispute arose between the parties about the payment of some interest on the dower, which was a lien on the property, and which defendant refused to pay, and the suit was brought to recover possession of the premises by the plaintiff. Verdict for plaintiff, to be released upon the payment by def ndant of the sum of $501 16 principal, including interest from April 1, 1873, to February 2 1875, payable within twenty days.

The case growing out of the mortgaging of the Railroad Hotel at Littlestown by F Rehter to J M Kreider, Harrisburg, was continued on account of the absence of Mr Rehter, a material witness.

George W Wilson & Co vs N W Hortman and Samuel K Lady Settled

Frances E Gardner vs Emanuel Nesbich and John Hunt, Settled

Frances E Gardner and Sarah J Gardner vs Emanuel Nesbich and John Hunt Settled

John Wolford vs Daniel Gutell The Court allowed this case to be discontinued and plaintiff paid the costs

Samuel Butler vs J Scott Wilson—Foreign attachment in debt for $600 Plaintiff claims that defendant promised him $100 to secure a purchaser for his farm (in Highland township) and the half of what it would bring over $3 000, the price it brought being $6,000 Verdict for plaintiff for $7 80 50 principal and interest

John Cashman vs Joseph Trostle On trial

In the progress of the first case Judge McClean stated that all rules and objections to evidence would hereafter be briefly noted by the Court, instead of being written out at length by counsel or referees in order to save time

Oxford borough was made a separate school district

Judge Hermon of Carlisle (who by the way made a very favorable impression) was here on Tuesday to hear two cases in which Judge McClean had been once and they were Cook vs Samuel Hilt and Cook vs Washington Naugle Both settled

Judge Hermon will hold a special Common Pleas Court, to commence March 9th, for the trial of cases which Judge McClean had been returned in previous to his election

LOCAL HISTORY—In the late columns of local history printed on our first page the Adams county reader can easily will find much to interest him. We would suggest that the paper be preserved, for future reference as well as all another which may follow with matter bearing on the subject

The preparation of the article given to day required much time and research but under a feeling of duty to preserve, in this popular way the early history of this county the labor has been cheerfully performed. Here is matter of fact enough in it, if aspect out as it is sure to do of being to make a readable book—and a very enjoyable one.

The readers of the COMPILER get all this history for the one price of subscription, and we would hint to those who do not now take the paper that an order of twenty dollars a year will also post them in regard to this important branch, besides giving them the thousands of other good and valuable things which appear in its columns

Extra copies of this issue printed, and sold at 5 cents

NARROW ESCAPE—On Monday morning, whilst two little sons of Mr Henry I Fahnestock were playing with a sled in front of the Court house, a cross steer approached. The boys observing him in an alarm, but the animal made a dash at them, and catching Gilford on his horns carried him in the frightful position across Middle street, towards the Store. Messrs Peter Warner and George Warner, happening to be standing at the corner, at once went to the rescue, when the steer dropped the child and made a plunge at Warner. The latter in backing, fell over a pile of grindstones, and a crowd gathering, the steer was driven off, down Baltimore street. The boy strange to say, received no hurts worth mentioning and Mr Warner escaped with a few scratches. The steer had been purchased by Messrs. Rosenstock & Bohman from Marks Turner Jr

THE Hanover Junction and Susquehanna Railroad elected officers on the 18th ult—R. I. Ryan, President, with a board of nine Directors. The Lancaster Examiner says: The road commences at a point near Lindsville, on the Reading and Columbia Railroad, and running along Chickies creek crosses the Susquehanna river near Chickies and terminates near Hanover Junction, Pa At not four miles of the road on this side of the river is already graded and ballasted by Henry L. Walk contractor. The road runs through a most beautiful and rich portion of Lancaster county—indeed one of the finest agricultural districts in the State. When completed, the road will be of great importance to this section of the country as it opens up a direct route south. The directors are men of vim, enterprise and wealth and will push forward the work with energy, and, no doubt, great success."

NEW CHURCH—The erection of a Reformed church at McKnightstown is to go forward without unnecessary delay, Mr George W Lady to do the mason work and Messrs George Settle and Amos Lady the carpentering. The edifice will be Gothic, and no doubt do credit to the taste and liberality of the congregation. The old church at Biglerville will be taken down, the Reformed people having bought the Lutheran interest in it, at $100, and the Lutherans have secured the Reformed interest in the ground on which the church stands, at $25. A new Lutheran church will also be built, but we have not heard whether on the old site or at Cashtown

THE cantata of "Esther, the Beautiful Queen," was given in the College church on Tuesday evening by the Choir of Zion's Lutheran church of York, at the invitation and for the benefit of the Ladies Mite Society. A large audience greeted the visitors, and the entertainment proved creditable in every respect. All sustained their parts well, and frequently received, what they deserved, hearty applause. The cast would, of course, have been better with a larger company of singers. We cannot refrain from saying that the duet by Professor Kissinger and Mr Baum afforded special pleasure

GRAND Fall and Winter opening of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters for Ladies and Gents at P. F. Snyder & Co's April 22 tf

OVER SHOES of all kinds at ECKERT'S tf

SALES—Mr Arnold Livers has sold his house and twenty acres of land, in Buchanan Valley, to James B Wrightson, of Franklin county at $1 030

Messrs James H Marshall and Joseph Kittinger Executors of John Waugh, deceased have sold the farm of deceased late in Freedom and Cumberland townships to Harry Hoffman, of Hunterstown, at $2,000 Mr Hoffman has sold his hotel in Hunterstown, to a company, at $ 500

The above executors have also sold a house and three acres, in the mountain in Hamiltonban township, to Wm Shelleman at $200

Three tracts belonging to the estate of Coal Waugh in Keokuk county Iowa, have been sold—98 acres to J W Pangle at $22 per acre, 160 acres to John Cunningham at $21, and 96 acres to the same at $21

Mr Joseph Wible has sold his farm in Straban township, 111 acres, (formerly owned by William Wible,) to John W Socks, of Cumberland township for $9,170

Mr John Kinneman, Administrator of Adam Kinneman, deceased, recently sold to Mrs Catharine Kinneman 12 acres of land, with improvements, in Berwick township at $1 200

THE GALAXY for February has been received, with all its variety. Every number of "The Galaxy" has a distinctive feature, the specialty this month being poetry, containing seven poems, five of them by ladies. A new serial novel by Justin M Carlyle entitled "Dear Lady Disdain," is commenced in this number.

PETERSON'S JOURNAL of Popular Literature. The February number of this new magazine has been received, bran full as ever, of brilliant and entertaining fiction. All the articles are complete in this magazine. Send twenty five cents to H Peterson & Co 920 Walnut street, Philadelphia, for a specimen number.

TOWNSHIP MEETINGS—We are requested to state that the Democrats of Huntington township will meet at the public house of Mrs Jane Reed in York Springs, on Saturday, the 6th of February, between the hours of 2 and 5 P M to select a township ticket for the spring election, to take place on the third Tuesday of February, the 16th

The Democrats of Reading township are requested to meet at the public house of Cornelius Smith, in Hampton, on Saturday, the 6th day of February between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P M, to settle a township ticket

The Democrats of Hamilton township will meet at the public house of Henry Shaffer, in East Berlin, on Saturday, the 6th of February, between the hours of 1 and 4 P M, to settle a township ticket

The Democrats of Germany township will meet at Guthrie's Schoolhouse on Saturday February 6th between 2 and 5 P M, to nominate a township ticket

The Democrats of Tyrone township will meet at the School house in Heidlersburg on Saturday, the 6th of February, at 1 o'clock, P M, to settle a town hip ticket

The Democrats of Cumberland township will meet at the Battlefield Hotel, on Saturday the 6th of February, to nominate a township ticket—at 2 P M

The Democrats of Mountpleasant township will meet at Bush Run School house on Saturday, the 6th of February, at 2 o'clock P M to settle a township ticket

The Democrats of Straban township will meet in the School house at Hunterstown, on Saturday, the 6th of February at 2 o'clock P M, to settle a township ticket

We are requested to state that the Democrats of Union township will meet at Schildt's School house, on Saturday February 6th, between the hours of 1 and 4 in the afternoon to settle a township ticket

The Democrats of Mountjoy township are requested to meet at Two Taverns School house, on Saturday February 6th, between 2 and 4 P M, to settle a township ticket

The Democrats of Franklin township will meet at John P Pitts on Saturday next the 6th between 2 and 4 P M, to settle a town ship ticket

DON'T HACK, HACK, COUGH, COUGH!

Can any medicine do any good for a cough which is so distressing to the sufferer and so annoying to others as those incessant hacking coughs, which are so prevalent at this season of the year? Yes, there is a medicine which will do all that can be reasonably expected of any medicine, and that is Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Hundreds of testimonials attest its wonderful cures of the most dangerous pulmonary diseases. Sold by all druggists at 50 cents and $1 per bottle.

SURROUNDING COUNTIES—The Hanover Herald says: Rest, a fourteen year old daughter of Mr Rufus Snyder, residing in the Eagleton Hills near Mount Pleasant, Heidlersburg township, was fatally burned on Tuesday evening last. The mother left three small children alone, when she went to her wood yard, the wood pile near the house. She was called by the eldest child, aged six years, and was horrified to find her little daughter enveloped in flames. Catching up a bucket of water she dashed it over the burning child, extinguishing the flames. The poor little girl was, however, burned over her whole person, so badly that the fragments of her clothing, had to be cut from her body. Although medical aid was promptly summoned, death closed on the next day, she at noon

The York Daily is informed that on Friday week, a man, aged about 15 years of Michael Kaufman of Windsor township York county died from the effects of injuries which he received by a fall several days previous. It appears that he was playing "blind man's buff," in company with a number of playmates, in his father's barn, and while blindfolded he ran with considerable force against a descending down a stairway which had been opened and he fell a distance of about eight feet, resulting in the fracture of his skull and some internal injuries. The unfortunate lad suffered most excruciating pain until death came to his relief.

Mr Frederick Delhom, of Paradise township York county, was stricken with paralysis on Saturday last, and is not expected to recover.

The York people have appointed a committee to urge that the railroad shop, remain there

A hog weighing 821 lbs when dressed was recently slaughtered by Lew Kunze, at Shrewsbury, York county

—James H Graham, Jr., of Carlisle has gone to Virginia City, Nevada to practice law

Mr Joseph W Ogilby, of Carlisle has received the appointment of postmaster at that place, in place of Mr Rheem

It is now positively asserted that the Senator is to be served for the centennial. A gentleman from Philadelphia has offered 1 81 100 for him

The Stock Gun Hotel in the western part of Carlisle was destroyed by fire on Wednesday morning of last week, about 3 o'clock. Mr Stoll, the landlord, saved nearly all his household goods. The fire originated from the upsetting of a coal oil lamp by Harvey Leidy, a sick bed ridd, who was carried to a neighboring house and died in a few hours afterwards

The Democratic County Committee of Cumberland county, at a meeting held at Carlisle last week resolved by a vote of 15 to 10 against the Crawford county system of selecting candidates for office. Hope it will work for the good of the party

—Mollie Clay, aged 7 years, grand child of Wm Leech of near Monterey, in Franklin county, was scalded by a pot of hot water on last Friday week. Dr Swartz was sent for but before he arrived the child died

On Saturday afternoon, as Mr Ada and his wife were passing through Lewisville in a sleigh, the horse took fright at the antics of some boys and running off tipped the sleigh against a post in front of Richenstein's. The lady escaped unhurt, but Mr Ada had his right shoulder broken and was otherwise injured. Dr Berrigan the case attending

John I McIlvaine has been elected Assistant Cashier of the National Bank of Chambersburg, in place of Mr Mull, deceased

The Commissioners of Franklin county have appointed H C Kieser, Esq, Clerk C M Duncan, Esq, Attorney, and Dr W H Boyle Physician to the Jail

—Under the head of "Unfounded Rumor," the last Westminster Advocate says: Last week our county was filled with wild and extravagant rumors that had to so pass that some one had been fatally dealt with at a public house several miles from Westminster, on the Little Town pike. The source came to the knowledge of the Sheriff of this county and took such steps that he deemed it his duty to make an investigation. He accordingly proceeded to the place indicated on Monday morning last, and after an inquiry found that the matter had grown entirely out of proportion. No fight at all had taken place, but a boy had fallen down and the blood spattered up on the wall. Here with the aid of a brush attached was manufactured a fight which at least one man could make both to see and to feel.

—Rev. Mr Leslie, D. D., of the Irish Reformed church at Philadelphia, was recently invited to a dinner given which amounted to some thing quite handsome—including, as it did, 1 barrel of flour, 1 hams, 5 roasts and sausage, 1 bbl of potatoes, 4 dressed chickens and ducks, nearly 100 lbs of sugar, coffee and tea, 10 lbs of butter, and a lot of other eatables besides furniture, tidy cloths, napkins, 4 bolts of muslin, &c, &c, too numerous to mention."

Rev Father Alexander L Hitschberger died suddenly in Boston, Mass, on the morning of the 8th instant in the 67th year of his age. He was educated in Mt St Mary's College, at Emmitsburg, and ordained priest about the year 1829

TIME is money but health is happiness. If you have a bad cold or cough use Dr Bull's Cough Syrup, it will cure you. Price, 25 cents

Shall or shall I not? is the question asked by many in regard to buying a Ticket in the Texas Gift Concert Association. We would answer. Should you? Should you not your neighbor might buy the discarded ticket and thus be placed on the road to unexpected fortune

"THE PARTY"—The Office of town and county are actively preparing for a Centennial Ball Party to be given in Agricultural Hall Gettysburg on Thursday evening, February 18th—the proceeds to go towards the great celebration at our National Independence, at Philadelphia in 1876. In this patriotic work the ladies are the and of all—because all are concerned. An excellent bill of fare and a pleasant entertainment are confidently promised. Everybody, turn out!

It is for your interest that we ask you to call and examine our stock of Hats, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Trunks, Bows, Ties Hosiery Umbrellas, Collars, &c &c

P. F. SNYDER & Co,
April 22 tf Centre Square

EVERY person knows that Eckert's is the place to get the latest and most approved Hats and Shoes April 22 tf

CALL and see the full styles of Hats at ECKERT'S April 22 tf

FOR RENT—A comfortable and pleasant Home for a small family. Inquire at this office. January 1, 1875 tf

RECORD YOUR DEEDS—The attention of parties holding unrecorded Deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, which requires that—

"All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this commonwealth shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the lands lie, *within six months* after the execution of said deeds and conveyances, and every such deed and conveyance not recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged FRAUDULENT AND VOID against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deeds be recorded before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim."

This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without further delay. Mar 18. tf

THE firm of Gross & Zinn, in the freighting business, has been dissolved, business to be continued by J W Gross, at the old stand, Washington and Railroad streets, at old rates. June 8 tf

A BUTCHER living on the Prosperity road some four miles from Washington, Pa., was grinding sausage meat in a water power machine, which had a very large hopper, when a little boy, aged six years, came into the building, playing with a dog and in running accidentally stumbled over a large block near the machine, and fell headlong into the terrible grinders. Before it could be stopped his head and neck were ground to a jelly.

Stop Geese, and examine W. F. King's stock of Goods for Fall and Winter. He is now offering the cheapest and most stylish goods to be seen in the town. Gents and Boys can find anything for clothing in their line they may want Oct 9 tf

Parties to certify that our Spring styles of Hats Boots Shoes and Gaiters have arrived. We invite all to come early and examine them before buying elsewhere

P. F. SNYDER & Co
April 22 tf Centre Square

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CONSUMPTIVES.

Would you like to know how you may cure Consumption? If so, send a stamped envelope addressed to Box 1,000 Philadelphia Pa. and you will receive a prescription free which will cure you of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and Throat Diseases. Address, stating the paper you read, ROBT A WILSON, 101 Union st, Philadelphia Pa. Dec 25 1874 6m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, Lost Manhood, &c, will send to his fellow sufferers the means of cure free of charge. Address, J. H. REEVES, Box 1,178 Philadelphia Pa. Dec 25 1874 6m

FORNEY'S Horse and Cattle POWDERS

Are warranted to cure Distemper in Horses, Hoven in Cattle, Scours in Horses and Cattle, Distemper in Cattle, Hoven in Sheep, and Cattle Powders. Manufactured only by the Proprietor, FORNEY & BRO. Dec 25 1874 6m

FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT!

The Hanover Junction, Hanover and Gettysburg Railroad Company

OFFER FOR SALE A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THEIR

First Mortgage Six Per Cent Registered

COUPON BONDS,

OF THE DENOMINATIONS OF $100, $500 & $1,000

THIS Road is now completed to the Junction, a distance of 15 miles, and is in full operation, the Company having no outstanding claims against it, and the bonds being secured by a first mortgage upon the whole line of road, including its extensive Junction shops, locomotives, & Rolling stock. The Road is the shortest and most direct route between Gettysburg and Harrisburg, and must command the entire travel between these points. The Company have no floating debt, and the bonds are offered for sale only for the purpose of raising the money with which to complete the road and equip it for the business which it will undoubtedly command.

NINETY-FIVE PER CENT

and upwards of the cost of the road has already been expended by the Company, from the proceeds of its Capital Stock and Loans, and the balance will be expended in completing the road and equipping it for business.

The Capital Stock of the Company is $300,000, of which $150,000 has been paid in, and the balance is subject to call in order to complete the road. The entire first mortgage bonded debt of the Company is $1,000,000, of which only $300,000 are issued, the balance being held in the Treasury to meet the future requirements of the road, and for the purchase of locomotives and rolling stock, as the business of the road may require.

The undersigned have been authorized by the Company to offer the balance of the first mortgage bonds, in such amounts as may be desired, at the rate of 95 cents on the dollar and accrued interest from the date of the bonds, April 1st, 1874, in gold, or its equivalent in currency, at the current rate of exchange at the time of subscription. The bonds are coupon bonds, payable to bearer, and are free from all taxes in Pennsylvania. The interest, at the rate of six per cent per annum, is payable in gold, on the first days of April and October, at the Farmers' National Bank, Gettysburg, Pa., and the Hanover Junction Bank, Hanover, Pa.

Pamphlets containing full information, with maps, can be had on application to the undersigned.

W. M. LEFEVER, President,
Hanover Junction, Pa.

STATEMENT OF THE LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE

Borough of Gettysburg,

JANUARY 1st 1875

DEBT

To debt to Sinking Fund $100 00
Interest on $100 Funding Debt April 1 1874 6 00
Interest on do do October 1 1874 6 00
Interest on do do April 1 1875 6 00
Interest on Interest Funding Debt Nov 1 1874 1 80
Interest on do do May 1 1875 1 80
Interest on Bonded Debt 1874 1875 1 800 00
Interest on Bonded Debt 1875 1876 1 800 00
Interest on Bonded Debt 1875 1876 1 800 00
Interest on Bonded Debt 1875 1876

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Auditor's Report.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county.

We, the undersigned, duly elected Auditors to settle and adjust the public accounts of the County aforesaid, do announce to said county, have been sworn or affirmed according to law, to report the following to be a general statement of said accounts from the eighth day of January, A. D. 1872, to the eighth day of January, A. D. 1874, both days inclusive:

C. E. GALLAGHER, Esq., Treasurer, and the various officers, in account with the County of Adams.

DR.

1874.	
Balance in hands of late settlement	
Cash, Bills and Checks assessed	$14,651.38
Bounties State tax	1,406.00
Bounties State tax	184.00
Bounties State tax	1,250.00
Percentage for 1871	4,969.10
Percentage for 1872	4,969.10
Additional tax	1.87
Water rents collected	27.00
Interest collected	25.00
R. Mcclellan, Exd	20.00
Interest, Dog Fund, Exd	20.00
Interest, Dog Fund, Exd	10.00
Dog tax	1.00
Dog tax	2.00
Costs	11.67
	$26,742.05

CR.

1874.	
2 Exonerations	$18.50
2 Collectors' fees	56.17
1 Order, building bridge	1,992.75
1 Duplicate, commission, etc.	3,982.5
Treasurer's Commission	478.27
Commissions by Treasurer	478.27
	$26,742.05

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, sworn and affirmed in pursuance of law, do hereby certify that we have carefully adjusted according to law the accounts of the Treasurer, and find the foregoing and annexed to be a correct statement of said accounts from the eighth day of January, A. D. 1872, to the eighth day of January, A. D. 1874, both days inclusive, and we do further certify that we have settled the commissions to the Clerk of Adams county, and Jacob Sheeder, Esq., Treasurer of said County for the year 1873, and find the same correct, viz: To Clerk, $1,992.75; Treasurer, $478.27; amount of said commissions, $2,471.02.

JOHN G. RITE,
W. C. HARMAN,
FRANK H. FIELDS,
County Auditors.

Feb. 7, 1875. 4t

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

LEWIS A. F. BAKER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Carriages, Buggies, Jaggers,

SPRING WAGONS, &C.,

is now carrying on the business in all its branches, at the New Shops, at the rear of

Emmitsburg, Md.,

Where he will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old customers and all other reasonable business.

REPAIRING

also done at reasonable rates. Take not only the lowest living price, but the lowest living price, and you will be satisfied with the work. Feb. 7, 1875. 3m

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Lower Conococheague, Newberry, Shamokin and West Manchester Townships, in the County of York.

The Directors of the Company of said Company, respectfully report to the Legislature the following as the result of the business of the Company for the year ending on the 1st day of January, 1874:

Value of all property insured in force at the commencement of said year, $2,966,505

Amount of new Cash policies taken during said year, $96,965

Amount of policies in force at the commencement of said year, $2,966,505

Amount of premium received during said year, $1,562.10

Amount of premium received during said year, $1,562.10

Amount of premium received during said year, $1,562.10

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, FEB. 3, 1875.

FARM AND GARDEN.

DURATION OF SEED VITALITY.

The question of the duration of the vitality of seeds is one of much interest to science, but one which has received as yet little help from exact observation. It is known that the seeds of many plants may be kept without injury for several years. The conditions most favorable for their preservation are a dry atmosphere and a low temperature. When buried deeply in a dry, hard soil, seeds have been known to retain life for an untold length of time. Dr. Carpenter relates, in his work on "Vegetable Physiology," that, west of Sterling, England, some workmen were ditching in a clay soil which had been covered with fourteen feet of peat. A clergyman standing by observed seeds in the clay thus thrown to the surface, which he secured and planted. They germinated and produced a species of chrysanthemum. It is impossible to estimate the time which these seeds had lain in the ground, while their covering of clay and the fourteen feet of peat earth was slowly accumulating over them; but it must have been an enormous period.

It is on record by Dr. Lindley, that raspberry seeds taken from the stomach of a man who had been buried with the coins of the Emperor Hadrian, and whose skeleton was found thirty feet below the surface, at the bottom of a barrow, or ancient burial-place near Dorchester, germinated in the Horticultural Garden, where they were planted. It was computed that these seeds were 1,600 or 1,700 years old at the time of their recovery.

Forty miles from the coast, in the State of Maine, a well was sunk at the depth of twenty feet, when a layer of sand was struck, which was in its character unlike any sand nearer the sea-beach. When drawn up from the well it was placed in a pile by itself. In the course of a year or two this was covered with a growth of strange plants, which proved to be the beach-plum trees. No trees of the kind had ever been seen in the vicinity before; indeed, anywhere except upon the sea shore. The conclusion to which probability tends is, that the plants grew from seeds that had been buried for ages in the stratum of sea-sand pierced by the diggers.

It is also stated by Dr. Carpenter, from whom we have the preceding particulars, that seeds found in the herbarium of Dr. Tournefort, a French botanist, were found to retain their vitality after the lapse of a century. The stories of the growth of corn and wheat from grains buried with Egyptian mummies are not accepted as authentic evidence, as in these cases there has been opportunity for the practice of deceit by the Arabs who had the handling of the bodies.

From a series of curious experiments in floating seeds upon salt water, and immersing them in it, Dr. Darwin infers that the seeds of one-tenth of the plants of any flora could be floated across a sea 900 miles wide without losing their vitality. He found that a few seeds survived immersion in salt water 137 days. Dried hazlenuts floated 90 days, and afterward germinated. Ripe asparagus-berries floated 87 days, and proved to be unhurt. Pears are quickly destroyed by salt water, but some taken from the crop of a dead pigeon that had floated thirty days were uninjured. The crops of birds do not harm seeds, and the harder sorts will pass safely through the digestive organs of even a turkey. Dr. Darwin raised two beet-plants from seed that had been in the stomach of a bird of prey for two days and fourteen hours.

THE BERKSHIRE PIG.

It has been created by skillful breeding on the part of the English fanciers and has been imported somewhat extensively into this country. The old Berkshire hog was held in very high esteem for many years, centuries perhaps. It was regarded as the best pig in England, and was naturally selected as the basis of the wonderful improvements which have built up the reputation of the modern Berkshire on such a basis of intrinsic good qualities. It is no doubt true that much of the improvement is due to the Chinese cross.

Sidney, a popular English writer on swine, says: "Among the black breeds, by universal consent, the improved Berkshire hog stands at the head of the list, either to breed pure, or to cross with inferior breeds. The Berkshire was orighnally a large breed of a black and white and spotted sandy color." The late Lord Barrington, who died in 1829, did a great deal towards improving the Berkshire breed, and the improved Berkshires are almost all traced back to his herd. They are now considered by Berkshire farmers to be divided into middle and a small breed. If first-class they should be covered with long black silky hair, so soft that the problem of "making a silk purse out of a sow's ear" might be solved with a prize Berkshire. The white should be confined to "four white feet, a white spot between the eyes, and a few white hairs behind each shoulder."

The Berkshire, now so far improved of itself, has been extensively used to give size and constitution to other breeds, to the Essex, &c. It must be regarded as a great and desirable acquisition to our American swine, and we were glad to notice so many fine specimens at our fall cattle show.—*Bel-fast Journal.*

LIME FOR APPLE TREES.

A successful pomologist of New Jersey writes the New York *Herald* that he once noticed that a tree standing in the immediate vicinity of his dwelling had all at once put forth with renewed energy and he was at a loss for some time to define the cause. On examination he found that a quantity of lime, which had accidentally been spilled and rendered worthless by becoming mixed with the refuse on the stable floor, had been thrown at the foot of and around the tree, and to this, as the principal cause, he immediately accredited the revival and renewed fructification of the tree. Taking the hint from the incident, he purchased twelve casks of lime and applied half a bushel to each of the trees in his orchard, and found that it produced immediate beneficial effects. Not the health of the tree only but the quality of the fruit was also greatly improved. The *Herald* adds that it has known some farmers to make it a regular practice for a succession of years to throw caustic lime around their apple trees in the spring and summer.

CHICKEN CHOLERA.—A gentleman says that after losing 100 chickens by cholera, he found that a tablespoonful of soda mixed with a quart of milk and given with food, was a cure.

IN February, 1717 the greatest snow storm ever known in this or any other country, occurred, says the York *Daily.*

THE HOUSEKEEPER.

LIME WATER FOR BURNS.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* writes to that journal that the readiest and most useful remedy for scalds and burns is an embrocation of limewater and linseed oil. These simple agents combined form a thick, cream-like substance, which effectually excludes the air from the injured parts, and allays the inflammation almost instantly. He mentions a case where a child fell backward into a bath-tub of boiling water, and was nearly flayed from her neck to below her hips. Her agony was indescribable; but her clothing being gently removed, and the lime and oil preparation thickly spread over the injured surface, she was sound asleep in five minutes. Subsequently the parts were carefully washed with warm milk and water three times a day, the oil dressing renewed, and the little patient rapidly recovered. Though all the scalded skin came off, she did not have a scar. This remedy leaves no hard coat to dry on the sores, but softens the parts, and aids nature to repair the injury in the readiest and most expeditious manner. The mixture may be procured in the drug stores; but if not thus accessible, shake a lump of quicklime in water, and as soon as the water is clear mix it with the oil and shake it well. If the case is urgent, use boiling water over the lime, and it will become clear in five minutes. The preparation may be kept ready bottled in the house, and it will be as good six months old as when first made.

A PARLOR may contain ever so much costly furniture and yet not look *furnished.* "Best rooms" are apt to look cold and stiff. One shivers involuntarily on entering them. They are dark—for the sunshine is shut out lest it fade the carpet; they are prim—for everything is laid at right angles; they are barren—for lack of a little taste. Let in the sunlight, put some plants in the window, hang some pictures on the walls, tuck a bracket or two in the corners, and scatter a few books on the table. Then if you will only stir up the stiff-backed chairs, so that they will look as if somebody had some time sat in them, the whole aspect of the room will be changed, and the most exact person in the world can not but pronounce it an improvement.

THE ODOR OF MILK.—An American inventor has produced a pail to destroy the peculiar odor of freshly-drawn milk. It is a tin pail, the bottom of which is perforated with one or two rows of holes three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter. The pail is hung over the empty milk cans, and the milk poured in through a strainer. The fluid starts through the holes in streams, but before it falls a foot it is separated into drops, and is thoroughly purified of all offensive odors by the air, which is a good deodorizer.

PEOPLE in these degenerate days may not express themselves with "tongues of fire;" but they can invent instruments which do the same thing in a literal sense. M. Kastner, of Paris, has patented the pyrophone. The phenomenon of "singing flames" is well known. This property of fire M. Kastner has taken advantage of to perfect his invention. The pyrophone, at first sight, resembles an organ, but instead of being operated by air blown in, it produces its notes by the singing of the flames within the tubes, the quality of the sound, its pitch, and intensity, depending, of course, on the dimensions of the latter. The burners from which the flames emerge are so arranged that the flames run together, but may be separated instantly by pressing down a key on an ordinary key-board in front. The position of the key in relation to the sound is the same as upon the piano or organ. According to the law above cited, as soon as the key is pressed the separate flames in the corresponding tube give forth a note, continuing, as in the organ, as long as the key is held down. It is said that the music thus produced is extremely beautiful, and that the sound closely resembles, in delicacy and purity, that of the human voice.

Enter on the stage next, Mr. Gray, an American this time, with his thelephone. He has just given an exhibition in Chicago, where this telephone, which is a sound-producing telegraph, played "Robin Adair," "Coming thro' the Rye," and other tunes, upon an electric circuit at the end of a mile from the piano. Mr. Gray claims that he can transmit sound over many hundreds of miles.

THE *Horticulturist* gives an account of two novelties among flowers which it is almost tempted to treat as fables until their verity is established by personal inspection. The following is the description of them:

"One is a black lily in Santa Clara, California, with three large blossoms, each nine inches long, and perfectly black outside of the green petals. The other is to be seen at Constantinople, and described by an eye witness as belonging to the narcissus genus of bulbs. The flower represents a perfect humming bird. The breast, of a bright emerald green, is a complete copy of this bird, and the throat, head, beak and eyes are perfect imitations. The binder part of the body, and two outstretched wings, are of a bright rose color, one might say flesh colored. These wonderful bulbs should have been sent to the Vienna exhibition. They will be in abundance by the time of our Centennial celebration in 1876. And yet they can hardly be greater curiosities than the strange and mysterious '*Stanwix Spirit*' flower from South America, with its life-long representation of doves."

OLD Ira Thornton was a dreadfully mean man, and had difficulty, sometimes, in drawing his breath, because he begrudged the air necessary for that operation. One day the old fellow was at work upon the high beams of his barn, when he lost his balance and fell heavily upon the floor, twenty feet below. He was taken up for dead with a fractured skull, and carried into the house. All efforts to bring him to consciousness were unavailing, and the doctor was called. Finally the doctor having trepanned him, turned and asked Mrs. Thornton for a silver dollar to put where the piece of skull was wanting. At this remark, Ira, who had been breathing heavily, turned in bed and groaned out: "wouldn't a cent do as well?"

THEY were on their "tower" and were doing the big thing. Marching into a drug-store the groom called for soda water. The obliging clerk inquired what syrup they would have, when the swain, deliberately leaning over the counter, replied: "Stranger, money is no object to me; put sugar in it." And they both took sugar in their'n.

A THOMAS street school boy had just got his face fixed to sing "Let us love one another," when a snow ball hit him in the mouth, and so confused him that he yelled: "Bill Sykes, just do that again and I'll chaw your ear off."—*Rome Sent.*

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE

ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT AND DIURETIC,

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, all pustular Diseases, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald Head, Ulcers, Syphilitic Complaints, Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Dropsy, Dysentery, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, and General Debility, Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and restores the bowels.

For Chronic, Dyspeptic, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered, for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged mothers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep—this has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegetine. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

VEGETINE for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? *Vegetine will Cure these Complaints.*

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentlemen—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with a plague and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood purifiers, through which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw that it did not get the right medicine. Consequently, I followed on with it until I had taken seven bottles, when I was pronounced by well men, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. I go for those afflicted with Rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing acid this season complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

H. H. PUCKETT, Pas. Agt. Mich. C. R. R.,
50 Washington Street, Boston.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Jan. 15, 1874. 1m

AMERICAN Blackboard Slating!

THE undersigned is now, and has been for some years, engaged in manufacturing a BLACKBOARD SLATING of superior quality, warranted not to crack or peel. It may be put on wood or plaster surfaces. He has supplied it in the School Houses of FRANKLIN, BUTLER, MENALLEN and TYRONE TOWNSHIPS, in Adams county, and in a number of school houses in Lancaster county, and given satisfaction in every instance. And while it is equal to any manufactured, it is twenty five per cent. cheaper. For further information address or apply to the undersigned, at Arendtsville, Adams county, Pa.

HOUSE PAINTING AND GRAINING, and CARRIAGE PAINTING, carried on as heretofore, at reasonable rates, and all work guaranteed to please.

G. G. H. GRAMMER,
Dec. 18, 1871. 1f Arendtsville.

CURLING FLUID,

For Curling and Beautifying the Hair.

BY using this article ladies and gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article in the world that will cure straight hair into beautiful wavy ringlets or heavy massive curls, and at the same time give it a beautiful glossy appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It is the greatest beautifier and the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl for any length of time desired. Price 50 Cents a pint.

GOLDEN LOTION,

Or the Secret of Beauty.

The above is used for the removal of Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Redness, Tan, Sun-burn, and effects of strong winds. It will remove Tan with simply one application, and will destroy Freckles effectually in one week's time. It whitens the skin and imparts a clearness and freshness to the complexion. Sent via mail for 50 Cents a piece. Address

A. TOLNSBLIY,
Dec. 24, 1874. 1y Bigler, Adams co., Pa.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

WM. H. TIPTON & CO'S,

"GOLD RELIABLE"

Excelsior Photographic Art Galleries

No. 5, YORK St., GETTYSBURG, PA.

A PERIOD in experience of eleven and fifteen years, respectively, the proprietors deem it unnecessary to present the reader to the public to make more than a visit of inspection to their fine establishment, and a careful view of the various styles of Photography handing on the walls, which they believe will meet the approval of the most fastidious Art Critic of Photography.

For the Holiday Season

we offer many new and attractive styles of portraits. *Every size is guaranteed satisfaction.*

COPIES FROM OLD PICTURES

are made by a process peculiar to this establishment, and are unsurpassed.

Our Stereroom

is completely stocked with CHROMOS, FRAMES, ALBUMS, STEREOSCOPES, VIEWS, CARD TABLES and KNOBS, REWARD MOTTOES, BRACKETS, WALL POCKETS, POWDER CASKS, PEW RACKS, BOOK RESTS, BOQUET STANDS, &c., &c. A choice lot of

Stereoscopic Views

embracing fine Statuary, English and American Groups, both Comic and Sentimental, Yosemite Valley, Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Switzerland, the Holy Land, Cuba, China, Interiors, Celebrated Prima Donnas, Colored Groups, Cities of America, &c., &c. The finest views of

GETTYSBURG SCENERY

made. ☞CATALOGUES mailed on application.

Heavy Oval Photograph Frames

only 20 cents. Stereoscopes only 25 cents. Frames of all sizes made to order. Every article at lower prices than any other Gallery in the State.

W. H. TIPTON & CO.

Nov. 20, 1874. 2m

Call on GEO. ARNOLD

BEFORE RENTING THIS,

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

A CHEAP MILL PROPERTY,

A CHEAP FARM,

A Cheap House and Lot

IN GETTYSBURG,

A Cheap 8-Acre Wood Lot,

CHOICE WESTERN LAND

In Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska for sale or exchange for Real Estate in Adams county.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1874. 4f

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE for 1875.

PUBLISHED QUARTERLY.—January No. just issued, and contains over 100 Pages, 500 Engravings, description of more than 500 of the best Flowers and Vegetables, with Directions for Culture, Color of Plate, the kind in the world.—Only 25 cents for the year.—Published in English and German. Address,

JAMES VICK,
Dec. 18 Rochester, N. Y.

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business formerly carried on by him, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. He is at his constant endeavor to give satisfaction.—Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.

Nov. 12, 1874. tf

For Sale.

THE old M. E. Church in Gettysburg. Pa. Apply to

J. L. SCHICK.

Dec. 4, 1874. tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG.

PRESIDENT,

GEO. THRONE.

CASHIER,

H. S. BENNER.

DIRECTORS,

JOHN WOLFORD, York Springs,
GEORGE THRONE, Franklin,
ROBERT BELL, Strahan,
JOHN HORNER, Mountjoy,
ALEX. SPANGLER, Gettysburg,
DANIEL GULP, Gettysburg,
SAMUEL KOSER, Gettysburg.

Pays Special Deposits

ON CALL,

WITHOUT NOTICE,

and continues to pay its usual

Rates of Interest,

ACCORDING TO TIME,

AS FOLLOWS:

3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
6 months 4 per cent. per annum.
12 months and upwards 5 per cent. per annum,

and pays interest for any length of time it may be left in.

Always keeps its funds at home for the accommodation of its customers, and especially its

DEPOSITORS.

Has Correspondents in all the large Cities and all the advantages that any Bank can have in making

COLLECTIONS,

both at home and abroad. Also,

In Buying and Selling

ALL MARKETABLE

SECURITIES

AT BEST MARKET PRICES.

Buys Gold and Silver,

Coupons, &c., &c.,

and does all business pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

The business of this Bank has gradually been on the increase ever since its organization, and hopes from a judicious and economical management of its affairs to continue to merit the confidence and patronage of the people

H. S. BENNER,
CASHIER.

Gettysburg, Sept. 11, 1871. tf

REPORT

OF the condition of THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG, at the close of business, Dec. 31st, 1874:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$179,037 45
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	40,958 75
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	13,138 80
Due from other National Banks	3,104 91
Due from other Banks and Bankers	721 62
Banking House	8,000 00
Other Real estate	10,400 00
Furniture and Fixtures	700 00
Current expenses	281 78
Taxes Paid	210 58
Cash Items (including stamps)	310 65
Bills of other National Banks	2,964 00
Fractional Currency (including Nickels)	206 81
Redemption Fund with the U. S. Treas.	5,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	12,855 00
	$378,319 00

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	10,000 00
Discount	3,365 67
Profit and Loss	4,622 29
National Bank notes outstanding	87,400 00
Dividends unpaid	54 00
Individual Deposits	172,771 75
Due to National Banks	611 75
Due to other Banks and Bankers	246 29
Dividends Unclaimed	164 00
	$378,319 00

I, H. S. BENNER, Cashier of the First National Bank of Gettysburg, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. S. BENNER, *Cashier.*

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of Jan., 1875.

M. L. MARTIN, N. P.

CORRECT—Attest:

ALEX. SPANGLER,
DANIEL GULP,
SAMUEL KOSER, } Directors.

Jan. 15, 1875. 4t

THE *IMPROVED*

HOME SHUTTLE

AND

DAVIS

VERTICLE FEED SHUTTLE

Sewing Machines.

From $25 to $100, according to style and finish. These "Lock Stitch" machines to be known as excelling any now in market, meet only to be tested by any persons having a knowledge of Sewing Machines. All are invited to call and examine for themselves.

MISS A. M. TRIPLE,
Local Agent, Gettysburg.

Mr. NOAH LOFTY, Seven Stars, and Mr. WM. HULL, near Fairfield, Traveling Agents for Adams county.

Agents wanted in other parts of the county. Apply to Local Agent.

Nov. 6, 1874. tf

HO! FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

A. D. BUEHLER & CO.,

Gettysburg, Penn'a.,

HAVE largely increased their stock of goods with special reference to the approaching Holidays, consisting of a large assortment of

CHOICE BOOKS,

embracing Standard Works in Poetry, History and General English and American Literature. Also, Illustrated Books suitable for

Children's Presents,

ALSO,

ALBUMS, WRITING DESKS, PORTFOLIOS, FANCY STATIONERY, FANCY SCARFS, PERFUMERY, POCKET KNIVES, GOLD PENS & PENCILS, &c., &c.

☞Buehler's old established Drug and Book Store, Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond.

Nov. 27, 1874. tf

PAINTING!

Buggies, Carriages, &c., &c.

THE undersigned has commenced business on his own book, and is now prepared to do all kinds of

CARRIAGE PAINTING,

in the very best manner, and at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction. His work is done to last and always look well. He has on hand several

New and Second-hand Buggies,

first-rate jobs, which he offers at low rates—and will execute orders for anything in his line with dispatch. REPAIRING of all kinds of vehicles attended to promptly. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

Call at his residence, on West High street, or at the Shop in the rear of the lot on the alley.

E. M. ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1873. tf

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. W. WRIGHT,

DENTIST,

Formerly of Baltimore, Maryland,

(Where he had a large and respectable practice for many years.)

HAS located permanently in GETTYSBURG, for the practice of his Profession and the benefit of his family's health.

Handsome Sets of Teeth

inserted, and made to fit comfortably and to be serviceable.

TEETH FILLED WITH GOLD OR CEMENT,

made artificially sound.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

☞Office in Mansion house of the late Hon. Moses McClean, on Baltimore street, a few doors from the Diamond.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

Nov. 20, 1874. tf

READ THE NEWS!

GRIEST & BOWERS,

York Springs, Pa.,

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR

Fall and Winter Goods,

bought at bottom figures. Prices reduced!

BARGAINS FOR CASH!

Goods Goods! All the Latest Styles!

EXAMINE OUR STOCK!

Prompt attention. Cash is better than credit.

Thankful for your patronage, SAVE MONEY by dealing with them.

Dec. 30, 1874. tf

BUGGIES! CARRIAGES!

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he is now carrying on the Carriage-making business at his NEW SHOP, on Franklin street, between Chambersburg and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, and will keep on hand and build to order,

BUGGIES,

FALLING-TOP, STANDING-TOP, AND NO-TOP;

CARRIAGES, JAGGERS,

and everything else in his line. With the best materials and workmanship, and a long experience at the business, every job turned out is bound to be satisfactory and as represented.

REPAIRING of all kinds done cheaply and in the best manner. Give me a trial and be convinced.

SAMUEL K. FOULK.

Aug. 25, 1871. tf

INVALIDS,

Don't Despair!

Thousands have found relief, and thousands will turn to this Medicine, after exhausting their purses and patience in search of health. Dizziness of the head, dullness of the mind, fetid breath, coated tongue, loss of appetite, pains and weakness in the stomach, derangement of the liver, yellowness of the skin, costive habit and thirst, which is total disorder for business, pleasure, or any kind of employment, FAHRNEY'S TANACEA, if taken and preserved in for a few days, will restore the whole mass of my patients. The fluids of the body become pure, and mind clear, the stomach strengthened, the tongue clean, the appetite improved, and the whole system benefited by the disease. In bad weather, is less liable to affect you.

Trade Dr. P. FAHRNEY'S Mark

Celebrated

Blood Cleanser or Panacea.

As a medicine for children, the Panacea is, in every way, calculated to take the place of the endless variety of drugs which are annually sold for that purpose, and which are often very injurious. A medicine which possesses the qualities of a cathartic as well as a mild alterative, and which is capable of arresting disease without the least injury to the child, is of inestimable value to every mother. As a cathartic, it is very effective, yet it does not, if given in proper quantities, cause nausea or distress in the stomach or bowels. It is very pleasant to the taste, which is a very important feature in a medicine for children. As a preventive of disease it is unprecedented, as it acts directly upon the digestive organs and the blood. In all scrofulous diseases, it is the most effective medicine ever offered to the public, and, if given regularly and perseveringly, those eruptive diseases so common to children may be entirely eradicated.

Prepared by P. Fahrney's Bros. & Co., Waynesboro', Pa., and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, 80 North Dearborn street, Chicago. For sale by wholesale and retail dealers, and by A. D. BUEHLER and J. M. HUBER Gettysburg.

Oct. 16, 1873. tf

JOHN W. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

Chambersburg Street, opposite Eagle Hotel.

Go to Tipton's—go to Tipton's—
If you want your hair dressed finely—
If you want your face shaved smoothly—
Tip's the fellow that can do it—
Do it in the latest fashion—
Do it quickly and do it neatly

Jan. 29, 1871.

Cemetery Removals.

BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals into Evergreen Cemetery, and hopes that such contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with prompt attention and on the lowest terms.

PETER THOUN,
March 12, 1869. Keeper of the Cemetery.

NEW GOODS

AT

Great Inducements for Cash

AT THE

CHEAP STORE

OF

Wolford & Hartman

IN

YORK SPRINGS, Adams County, Pa.

May 6, 1874. tf

NEW GOODS!

CHEAP GOODS!

Fall Goods!

WINTER GOODS!

Handsome Goods!

CHEAPER-THAN-EVER GOODS!

Just Opened at

FAHNESTOCKS'.

Oct 23, 1874. tf

ANOTHER BAKERY!

THE undersigned has opened a Bakery at the corner of Washington and High streets, Gettysburg, and invites the public's patronage.

FRESH BREAD,
ROLLS, TWIST,
CAKES, PRETZELS, &c.,

EVERY DAY.

By strict attention to business and the best of flour and other materials, and doing his work well, he hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers's Granite Yard.

CHRISTIAN HOFFMAN.

April 17, 1868. tf

Wm. N. Miller's

MARBLE WORKS,

Corner of Baltimore and East Middle Sts.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of art, and at most reasonable rates.

Aug. 27, 1873. tf

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

OF ALL KINDS,

The latest and most approved styles

COAL, LUMBER,

And LIME.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership under the firm of

CASHMAN & OVERDEER,

and will carry on the

COAL, LUMBER AND LIME BUSINESS,

At the Gettysburg Lime Kilns,

along the Railroad,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Coal and Lime delivered on short notice any place in Gettysburg. They keep the best quality of

COAL FOR FAMILY USE,

and the Cumberland (Md.) BLACKSMITH COAL, the very best in the market.

They are thankful to their friends and customers for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed, and solicit a continuance, and will endeavor to give satisfaction in all their dealings with every one who may patronize them.

They have also put up a new pair of

HAY SCALES,

for all kinds of weighing.

DANIEL CASHMAN,
HENRY OVERDEER.

July 14, 1874. tf

STROUSE

AT A NEW PLACE!

More Goods! Cheap Goods!

THE undersigned would inform his many friends and the public generally that he has removed his Store to Chambersburg street, next door to the Keystone Hotel, where he offers an entire new stock of goods, and all at the *lowest living prices.*

WATCHES, of all kinds, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, of every description; FINE GROCERIES, Connection, Liquors, Nations in great variety, SEGARS, TOBACCOS of the best brands; in short, everything in his line needed by the community, and sold

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

For BARGAINS, call at the new place, which, don't forget, is in Chambersburg street, next door to the Keystone Hotel.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Gettysburg, April 8, 1871. tf

GOOD NEWS FOR EVERYBODY!

COME TO COMFORT'S,

AT PERKINS'S OLD STAND, Gettysburg, opposite Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg street.

NEW GOODS.

I have just returned from the city of Philadelphia with a large and beautiful stock of CLOTHING, &c., which I will sell at prices so low as to astonish all buyers. My assortment is complete made of the best materials and in the best manner, and is emphatically the **Cheap and Fashionable Clothing Store of Gettysburg,** which comprises everything in the line of Men's and Boys' wear, namely: Overcoats of all sizes, fine Cloth Coats, fine Cassimere Coats, Business Coats, Dress Coats, Sack Coats, Vests and Pants of all shades and colors, all made in the latest styles. Also a full line of

FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Woolen Shirts and Drawers, white Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, &c. Also Trunks, Valises, Arcordeons, Violins, Cutlasses, Horse Blankets, Lap Rugs, Clocks, all selected with the greatest care and sold at the lowest cash prices. We desire it uncovered to make an extra newspaper flourish, being confident that a call will satisfy all that our goods are just what we recommend them to be, well made, of good material and cheaper than the same quality of goods can be bought elsewhere in Adams county. This much I will say, and I guarantee to all who may favor me with their patronage, entire satisfaction as to quality, fit, and price.

In buying your Clothing go where you can find a *Large Stock, Latest Styles, Low Prices, Fair and Square Dealing and no Misrepresentation,* which is

HENRY COMFORT'S.

Gettysburg, Oct. 2, 1871. tf

WHETHER YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL,

OR DESIRE INFORMATION REGARDING SECURITIES, WRITE:

Charles D. Barney & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

111 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Philadelphia, Pa.

We buy and sell GOVERNMENT, STATE AND CITY LOANS, GOLD, SILVER, FOREIGN EXCHANGE, BONDS AND STOCKS on commission, DRAW BILLS ON LONDON, available throughout England, Ireland and Scotland, make collections, &c., &c.

Sept. 18, 1874. 1y

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE.

FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a mild Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the causes of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver or Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the blood they remove the cause, and by positive cathartic effects of the inflammation (the tubercular deposits) the effect of pain receives health, and a permanent cure is effected.

If once will enjoy good health, let them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, and corner Washington and Charlton streets, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

Sept. 11, 1871. cow3m

J. W. CRESS,

Gettysburg & Baltimore Freight Line

Corner of Washington and North streets, (Wible's Warehouse,) GETTYSBURG, PA.

Cars leave GETTYSBURG every Tuesday noon.

Cars leave BALTIMORE (from Emerson & Co., 128 North St.) every Wednesday evening.

Cars arrive at GETTYSBURG every Thursday noon.

Cars arrive at BALTIMORE every Wednesday morning.

ALSO

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And DEALER in all kinds of PRODUCE, SALT for sale at lowest prices to Dealers.

Goods Handled with Care and Delivered Promptly.

TERMS CASH.

June 16, 1871. tf

PRIME OYSTERS!

JOHN GRUEL,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

HAS re-opened his Oyster Saloon, and is prepared to supply the very

Best Oysters

the market affords, served up in all styles to customers and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and determined to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.

Also, all kinds of Confections, Nuts, Fruits, Cakes, &c. ICE CREAM furnished to families and parties on reasonable terms.

Nov. 27, 1874. tf

AMERICAN LINE.

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Only Line Carrying the American Flag.

Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CABIN, INTERMEDIATE AND STEERAGE

ACCOMODATIONS UNSURPASSED.

Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.

PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents, PHILADELPHIA.

FAHNESTOCK BROS., Agents, Gettysburg.

Aug. 25, 1874. 1y

WHEAT WANTED.

THE undersigned will pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOOD WHEAT, at "GLENWOOD MILLS," (formerly "Mellhenny's,) on Marsh creek, in Highland township, Adams county,

GEORG EDINGELL.

Dec 18, 1868. tf

SHIREMAN'S

MACHINERY DEPOT,

Cor. of West Market and Penn Streets,

York, Pa.,

DEALER IN

All KINDS of MACHINERY

SUCH AS

Johnson's Unequalled Single Reaper,
Johnson's Combined Wrought Iron Reaper and Mower,

All having Johnson's Self-rake, with the improvements on the Rake for the coming season, which is only found on Johnson's own make—AND NO OTHERS—and for sale only by the undersigned, Agent for southern Pennsylvania and Maryland. Also on sale the SPRAGUE SINGLE MOWER, THE AGES SINGLE MOWER, BRADLEY'S AMERICAN HARVESTER, together with SHIREMAN'S IMPROVED KEYSTONE SEPARATING ATTACHMENTS and other COMBINED THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS, SHIREMAN'S HAND AND SELF-DUMPING HORSE RAKE, McSHERRY'S GRAIN DRILL, THE BIRDSELL CLOVER SEED SEPARATOR, CORN PLANTERS, CORN SHELLERS, SECONDS, HAND REAPERS, REAPING KNIVES, BONE DUST, GUANO, &c., &c.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE,

☞JOHNSON'S COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER is light and strong, and has more points and less traps, than any machine in the market. *All Tools to Come and See—Not or Fully Convinced.*

J. H. SHIREMAN,
General Commission Agent.

May 19, 1871. tf

CAUTION!

THE REPUTATION OF THE

DIAMOND SPECTACLES,

SOLD BY

A. R. FEISTEL,

The only Authorized Agent for this County.

IS becoming so great and wide-spread, that Spectac